

Ephesians 6:1-9  
Submission and Authority—To the Praise of His Glory!

Introduction:

***Ephesians 6:1-3, “Children, obey your parents in the Lord, for this is right. ‘Honor your father and mother’ (this is the first commandment with a promise), ‘that it may go well with you and that you may live long in the land.’”***

1. Children applies to any offspring that:
2. Children are to put themselves:
3. Children who obey and honor their parents are actually:
4. Children who obey their parents are doing what is:

Honor has to do with attitude:

5. Children are to hold their parents in the:
6. In the Ten Commandments:
7. This commandment is the key principle:
8. While having to obey our parents ceases when we become self-sustaining adults:
9. Obeying and honoring our parents brings:

***Ephesians 6:4, “Fathers, do not provoke your children to anger, but bring them up in the discipline and instruction of the Lord***

1. Paul is addressing both fathers and mothers with:
2. To provoke to anger suggests a repeated, ongoing pattern of treatment that:

This can be done in different ways and usually no abuse is intended.

- a. Over-protection:

- b. Favoritism:
- c. Over-achieving:
- d. Discouragement:
- e. Inconvenience:
- f. Reward/punishment:
- g. Physical and verbal abuse:

Positive command:

- 1. Discipline:
- 2. Instruction:

***Ephesians 6:5-9, "Bondservants, obey your earthly masters with fear and trembling, with a sincere heart, as you would Christ, not by the way of eye-service, as people-pleasers, but as bondservants of Christ, doing the will of God from the heart, rendering service with a good will as to the Lord and not to man, knowing that whatever good anyone does, this he will receive back from the Lord, whether he is a bondservant or is free. Masters, do the same to them, and stop your threatening, knowing that He who is both their Master and yours is in heaven, and that there is no partiality with Him."***

- 1. How a believer works in his job, whether as an employee or employer:
- 2. The Christian employee must have a gospel produced:
  - a. Perspective:
  - b. Attitude:
  - c. Commitment:
  - d. Motive:
  - e. Diligence:
- 3. The Christian employer is to have the same:
- 4. The Christian employer does not:
- 5. The Christian employer knows that before God:

Conclusion: